Parameter	Reporting Limit	FDA SOQ / EPA MCL	Ice Mountain® Drinking Water	Ice Mountain® Drinking Water with Fluoride	Ice Mountain® Distilled Water	Ice Mountain® Spring Water	Ice Mountain® Sparkling Spring Water
Primary Inorganics							
Antimony	0.001	0.006	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND
Arsenic Asbestos (MFL)	0.002	0.01	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND
Barium	0.1	2	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
Beryllium	0.001	0.004	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cadmium	0.001	0.005	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chromium	0.005	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cyanide	0.1	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
Fluoride Lead	0.002	2.0 (1.4 – 2.4) 0.005	ND ND	0.89 ND	ND ND	ND-0.36 ND	ND ND
Mercury	0.002	0.003	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nickel	0.01	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Nitrate as N	0.4	10	ND	ND	ND	ND-2.5	0.12
Nitrite as N	0.4	1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Selenium	0.005	0.05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND
Thallium	0.001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Secondary Inorganics Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	2	NR	2.2	2.2	ND	170-320	ND
Aluminum ♦	0.05	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Boron	0.1	NR	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromide	0.005	NR	ND	ND	ND	0.011-0.018	0.0069
Calcium	1	NR	ND	ND	ND	46-79	3
Chloride ♦	1	250	ND	ND ND	ND	1.2-15	1.4
Copper Iron A	0.05	1	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND ND
Iron ♦ Magnesium	0.1	0.3 NR	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND 16-34	ND 0.43
Manganese ♦	0.02	0.05	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	16-34 ND-0.028	0.43 ND
pH (pH Units) ♦	0.02	6.5 - 8.5	6.1	6	5.6-5.7	7.2-8	4.7
Potassium	1	NR	ND	ND	ND	ND-1.9	ND
Silver ♦	0.01	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sodium	1	NR	ND	1.3	ND	2.7-8.9	2.3
Specific Conductance @ 25C (umhos/cm)	2		4.8	9.4	ND	450-590	59
Sulfate ♦ Total Dissolved Solids ♦	0.5	250 500	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	10-17 170-350	2.6
Total Hardness (as CaCO3)	3		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	180-320	9.3
Zinc ♦	0.05		ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND
Physical	0.00		,,,,	,,,,,	,,,,	,,,,	115
Apparent Color (ACU) ♦	3	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Odor at 60 C (TON) ♦	1	_	ND	ND	ND-2	ND	2
Turbidity (NTU)	0.1	5	0.15	0.1	0.12-0.14	ND-0.16	0.76
Microbiologicals							
Total Coliforms (Cfu/100 mL)	1	Absent	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Radiologicals Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	3	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Gross Beta (pCi/L)	4	1 50.00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND
Radium-226 + Radium-228 (sum) (pCi/L)		5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Uranium	0.001	0.03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Volatile Organic Compounds							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA)	0.0005	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.0005	0.001	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane	0.0005	0.005	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	0.0005	0.005	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND ND
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.0005	0.07	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-DCB)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.0005		ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene (p-DCB)	0.0005	0.075	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Benzene Carbon tetrachloride	0.0005	0.005 0.005	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	0.0005	0.005	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Methyl-tert-Butyl-ether (MTBE)	0.003		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Styrene	0.0005	0.1	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Tetrachloroethylene	0.0005	0.005	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.0005	0.1	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
trans-1,2-Dichloropetnylene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (Telone II)	0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Trichloroethene (TCE)	0.0005	0.005	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.005	■ 0.150	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl chloride (VC)	0.0005	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	0.001	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylene (Total)	0.001						
Chlorinated Acid Herbicides							
Chlorinated Acid Herbicides 2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	0.001	0.05	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Chlorinated Acid Herbicides		0.07	ND ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND ND



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Dinoseb	0.002	0.007	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Pentachlorophenol	0.0002	0.001	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Picloram	0.001	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorinated Pesticides							
Alachlor	0.001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlordane	0.0001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Endrin	0.0001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Heptachlor	0.00001	0.0004	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Heptachlor epoxide	0.00001	0.0004	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Lindane	0.00001	0.0002	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
	0.0002	0.0002	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Methoxychlor			ND ND	ND ND			
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	0.0005	0.0005			ND	ND	ND
Toxaphene	0.001	0.003	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Miscellaneous Herbicides							
2,3,7,8-TCDD (DIOXIN)(ng/L)	0.005	0.03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Diquat	0.004	0.02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Endothall	0.045	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Glyphosate	0.025	0.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Acid/Base/Neutral							
extractables)							
Atrazine	0.0005	0.003	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.00001	0.0002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.003	0.006	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	0.005	0.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0005	0.001	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.001	0.05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Molinate	0.002	10.020	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Simazine	0.001	0.004	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Thiobencarb	0.001	0.070	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbamates (Pesticides)							
Aldicarb	0.001	0.003	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Aldicarb sulfone	0.001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Aldicarb sulfoxide	0.001	0.004	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbofuran	0.005	0.04	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Oxamyl	0.02	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Microextractables	1.02						
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.00001	0.0002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	0.00002	0.00005	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Disinfection Byproducts	0.00002	0.00003	ND	IND	ND	ND	ND
Bromate	0.001	0.01	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	0.001	0.01	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
Chlorite				1			
D/DBP Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	0.002	0.06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total Trihalomethanes (Calc.)	0.001	0.08	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Residual Disinfectants							
Chloramines	0.1	4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorine Dioxide	0.24	0.8	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorine Residual, Total	0.1	4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Other Contaminants	^	A					.
Perchlorate	◊ 0.002	◊ 0.002	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC)							
11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (ng/L)	↓ 5 ♦ 5		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
, ,, , ,	↓ 5 ♦ 5	√ 5 ♦ 5	ND	ND ND			
Perfluoroctanegulfonic acid (PECS) (ng/L)		∨ 5			ND	ND	ND
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L)		Λ -	N/D				
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5 ♦ 5	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L)	♦ 5♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L)	♦ 5						

All units in (mg/l) or Parts per Million (PPM) unless otherwise indicated.

MRL - Minimum Reporting Limit: Where available, MRLs reflect the Method Detection Limits (MDLs) set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the Detection Limits for Purposes of Reporting (DLRs) set by the California Department of Health Services. These values are set by the agencies to reflect the minimum concentration of each substance that can be reliably quantified by applicable testing methods, and are also the minimum reporting thresholds applicable to the Consumer Confidence Reports produced by tap water suppliers.

EPA MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a substance allowed by law in drinking water (bottled or tap water). The MCLs shown are the federal MCLs set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Food and Drug Administration, unless no federal MCL exists. Where no federal MCL exists, California MCLs are identified with an (†). International Bottled Water Association MCL are identified with (◊).

Primary Drinking Water Standard (PSWS): Legally enforceable primary standard and treatment techniques that apply to public water systems, which protect health by limiting the levels of contaminants in drinking water.

Public Health Goals (PHG's): Concentrations of drinking water contaminants that pose no significant health risk if consumed for a lifetime, based on current risk assessment principles, practices and methods.

EPA Secondary Standard - non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic or aesthetic effects in drinking water.

[†] Set by California Dept. of Health Services. ♦ Set by International Bottled Water Association



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(FDA) and the California Department of Public Health. The standards can be no less protective of public health than the standards for public drinking water, established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health. The standards can be no less protective of public health than the standards for public drinking water, established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health. FDA SOQ - Standard of Quality: The standard of quality: The standard of quality for bottled water is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in a container of bottled water, as established by the United States Food and Drug Administration

Reported Results - The highest level of each substance detected at or above the MRL in representative finished product samples.

ND - Not detected at or above the MRL

NR - Not listed in State or Federal drinking water regulations.

NA- Not applicable to specific test method or test parameter

PPB - Parts per Billion. Equivalent to micrograms per liter (µg/l).

MFL - Million Fibers per Liter.

Ice Mountain® Natural Spring Water sources; Primary: Sanctuary Spring, Rodney, MI; Evart Springs, Evart, MI; White Pine Springs, Evart, MI and/or Frontier Springs located in New Tripoli, PA; Bangor, PA; Hegins, PA; South Coventry, PA; Pine Grove, PA; Foster Township, PA; Oakland, MD.

Distilled water sources: Primary: Public Water Supply or On-Site Well.

Factory Water Treatment Process for Ice Mountain® Natural Spring Water, Fluoridated Water, Distilled Water and Sparkling Spring Water

The final treatment consists of the following processes:

Spring Water	Drinking Water	Fluoridated Water	Distilled Water	Sparkling Spring Water
Storage Silo holding filtered source water Microfiltration Ultraviolet and/ or Ozone disinfection Bottling	Storage Silo holding filtered source water 2. Reverse Osmosis 3. Microfiltration 4. Ultraviolet and UV disinfection 5. Bottling	1. Storage Silo holding filtered source water 2. Reverse Osmosis or Distillation 3. Mineral Injection and Fluoride injection 4. Microfiltration 5. Ultraviolet and/or ozone disinfection 6. Bottling	Storage Silo holding filtered source water 2. Distillation 3. Microfiltration 4. Ultraviolet and/or Ozone disinfection 5. Bottling	Storage Silo holding filtered source water Microfiltration Ultraviolet and/ or Ozone disinfection CO2 injection Bottling

Statements Required Under California Law

"Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the United States Food and Drug Administration, Food and Cosmetic Hotline (1-888-723-3366).

"In order to ensure that bottled water is safe to drink, the United States Food and Drug Administration and the State Department of Public Health prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by bottled water companies.

"Some persons may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons, including, but not limited to, persons with cancer who are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly persons, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These persons should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791)."

"The sources of bottled water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water naturally travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can pick up naturally occurring substances as well as substances that are present due to animal and human activity. Substances that may be present in the source water include any of the following:

- 1. Inorganic substances, including, but not limited to, salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from farming, urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, or oil
- 2. Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources, including, but not limited to, agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- 3. Organic substances that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- 4. Microbial organisms that may come from wildlife, agricultural livestock operations, sewage treatment plants, and septic systems.
- 5. Substances with radioactive properties that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities."

FDA website for recalls: