Parameter	Reporting Limit	FDA SOQ / EPA MCL	Poland Spring® Sparkling Water	Poland Spring® Distilled Water	Poland Spring® Spring Water	
Primary Inorganics	0.004	0.000	NID	AUD.	NB	
Antimony Arsenic	0.001	0.006	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Asbestos (MFL)	0.002	7	ND ND	ND	ND	
Barium	0.1	2	ND	ND	ND	
Beryllium	0.001	0.004	ND	ND	ND	
Cadmium	0.001	0.005	ND	ND	ND	
Chromium	0.005	0.1	ND	ND	ND	
Cyanide Fluoride	0.1	0.2	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND 0.14	
Lead	0.002	2.0 (1.4 – 2.4) 0.005	ND ND	ND ND	ND-0.14 ND	
Mercury	0.002	0.003	ND	ND	ND	
Nickel	0.01	0.1	ND	ND	ND	
Nitrate as N	0.4	10	ND	ND	ND	
Nitrite as N	0.4	1	ND	ND	ND	
Selenium	0.005	0.05	ND	ND	ND	
Thallium	0.001	0.002	ND	ND	ND	
Secondary Inorganics Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	2	ND	ND	ND	11 21	
Aluminum ♦	0.05	NR 0.2	ND ND	ND ND	11-21 ND	
Boron	0.03	NR	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Bromide	0.005	NR	0.011	ND	ND-0.013	
Calcium	1		6	ND	4.1-9	
Chloride ♦	1	250	13	ND	ND-15	
Copper	0.05	1	ND	ND	ND	
lron ♦	0.1	0.3	ND	ND	ND	
Magnesium Manganese ◆	0.5	NR 0.05	0.96	ND	1.2-1.7	
pH (pH Units) ♦	0.02	6.5 – 8.5	ND 4.8	ND 5.8	ND 6.7-7.1	
Potassium	1	0.5 = 0.5 NR	ND	ND	ND	
Silver ♦	0.01	0.1	ND	ND	ND	
Sodium	1	NR	6.7	ND	1.3-10	
Specific Conductance @ 25C (umhos/cm)	2	NR	110	ND	40-100	
Sulfate ♦	0.5	250	6.5	ND	1.6-7.7	
Total Dissolved Solids ♦	10	500	58	ND	27-62	
Total Hardness (as CaCO3) Zinc ◆	0.05	NR 5	19 ND	ND ND	15-28 ND	
Physical	0.05	5	ND	ND	שא	
Apparent Color (ACU) ♦	3	15	ND	ND	ND	
Odor at 60 C (TON) ♦	1	3	2	ND	ND-1	
Turbidity (NTU)	0.1	5	ND	0.13	ND-0.21	
Microbiologicals						
Total Coliforms (Cfu/100 mL)	1	Absent	ND	ND	ND	
Radiologicals						
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	3	15	ND	ND	ND	
Gross Beta (pCi/L) Radium-226 + Radium-228 (sum) (pCi/L)	4	50.00	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Uranium	0.001	1		ND	ND	
Volatile Organic Compounds						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA)	0.0005	0.2	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.0005	0.001	ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane	0.01	1.200	ND ND	ND	ND	
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA) 1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0005 0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.0005		ND ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-DCB)	0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
1,4-dichlorobenzene (p-DCB)	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
Benzene	0.0005	1	ND	ND	ND	
Carbon tetrachloride	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	0.0005 0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Ethylbenzene	0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)	0.0005		ND ND	ND	ND	
Methyl-tert-Butyl-ether (MTBE)	0.003	_	ND ND	ND	ND	
Styrene Styrene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
Tetrachloroethylene	0.0005	0.005		ND	ND	
Toluene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.0005		ND	ND	ND	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (Telone II)	0.0005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Trichloroethene (TCE) Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.0005 0.005)	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
Vinyl chloride (VC)	0.005		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
,	0.0003	0.002	1,10	110		



Scotes (Flosh)						
2.4.5-TP (Shew)	Xylene (Total)	0.001	10	ND	ND	ND
2-2-0-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-						
Bentanom						
Debatem						
Decision						
Participation	·					
Padotem						
Chlorinate Peticides	·					
Abachter		0.001	0.5			
Calestraine		0.001	0.002			
Heptenthor poorde						
Heplanchre pooles	Endrin	0.0001	0.002	ND	ND	ND
Lindane	Heptachlor	0.00001	0.0004	ND	ND	ND
Methocychor	Heptachlor epoxide	0.00001	0.0002	ND	ND	ND
Polychiomated behavior (PCBs)	Lindane			ND	ND	
Toxaphene 0.001 0.003 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N						
Macellaneous Herbicides						
2.3.7.8	·	0.001	0.003			
Dauat		2 225				
Endothals						
Semi-Valatic Organic Compounds (Acid/Base/Neutral extractables)	·					
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Acid/Base/Neutral extractables)						
extractables	Organicate	0.025	0.7	NU	NU	NU
extractables	Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Acid/Base/Neutral					
Benzelogiyenen				ND	ND	ND
Display Disp	Atrazine	0.0005	0.003	ND	ND	ND
Dig2-ethythexyladipate	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.00001	0.0002	ND	ND	ND
Hexachloropercame	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate			ND	ND	
Hexachiomyclopentadlene			0.4	ND	ND	
Molinate 0.002						
Simazine			_			
Thiobencarb		_				
Cathamates (Pesticides)						
Adicach 0.001 0.002 ND ND ND Adicarb sulfone 0.001 0.002 ND ND ND ND Adicarb sulfoxide 0.001 0.004 ND ND ND ND Carbofuran 0.005 0.044 ND ND ND ND Microextractables		0.001	0.070	ND	ND	ND
Adicarb sulfone		0.001	0.003	ND	ND	ND
Adicarb sulfoxide						
Carbofuran						
Microextractables						
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	Oxamyl	0.02	0.2	ND	ND	ND
1.2-Dibromoethane (EDB) Disinfection Byproducts	Microextractables					
Disinfection Byproducts 0.001 0.01 ND ND ND-0.0027	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.00001	0.0002	ND	ND	ND
Bromate	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	0.00002	0.00005	ND	ND	ND
Chlorite						
D/DBP Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) 0.002 0.06 ND ND ND Total Trihalomethanes (Calc.) 0.001 0.08 ND ND ND Residual Disinfectants 0.1 4 ND ND ND Chlorines 0.1 4 ND ND ND Chlorine Dioxide 0.24 0.8 ND ND ND Chlorine Residual, Total 0.1 4 ND ND ND Other Contaminants 0.002 0.002 ND ND ND Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) 0.002 0.002 ND ND ND 11-chloreacosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) 5 5 5 ND ND ND 4,8-dioxa-3-H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) 5 5 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxaunde-caule acid (ng/L) 5 5 5 ND ND ND Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-AD) (ng/L) 5 5 <						
Total Trihalomethanes (Calc.)						
Residual Disinfectants	·					
Chloramines 0.1 4 ND ND ND Chlorine Dioxide 0.24 0.8 ND ND ND Chlorine Residual, Total 0.1 4 ND ND ND Other Contaminants Perchlorate 0.002 0.002 ND ND ND ND Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) 11-chloroeiososfluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) 0 5 5 ND ND ND ND 4.8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) 0 5 5 5 ND ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) 0 5 5 ND ND <t< td=""><td></td><td>0.001</td><td>0.08</td><td>ND</td><td>ND</td><td>ND</td></t<>		0.001	0.08	ND	ND	ND
Chlorine Dioxide 0.24 0.8 ND ND ND Chlorine Residual, Total 0.1 4 ND ND ND Other Contaminants O.002 0.002 ND ND ND Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) The Individual Compounds (PFC) ND ND ND 11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluoronoanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxaunone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND ND Nethyl Perfluorocatanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 5 ND ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluoroctanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 \$ 5 ND ND ND ND		0.1	4	ND	ND	ND
Chlorine Residual, Total 0.1 4 ND ND ND Other Contaminants □ □ □ □ □ □ ND						
Other Contaminants ♦ 0.002 ♦ 0.002 ND ND ND Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) ————————————————————————————————————						
Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) V 0.002 ♦ 0.002 ND ND ND 11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimeracid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Nb ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N-ethyl Perfluoroctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 \$ 5 ND ND ND ND Perfluorobutanesulfonia acid (PFBA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 \$ 5		3.1		.,,,		.,,,
Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) 11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-ethyl Perfluorocatanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfoniamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfoniamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfoniamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorobetanesulfonic acid (PFDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND<		♦ 0.002	◊ 0.002	ND ND	ND	ND
11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-ethyl Perfluorocatanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND N-methyl Perfluorocatanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorocatanesulfonic acid (PFDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND	Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC)					
9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-sulfonic acid (ng/L) \Diamond 5 \Diamond 5 \Diamond 5 \Diamond ND \Diamond	11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-sulfonic acid (ng/L)			ND	ND	ND
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (ng/L)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			ND	ND	ND
N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L)						
N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (ng/L) \Diamond 5 \Diamond 5 ND ND ND ND ND Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L) \Diamond 5 \Diamond 5 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) (ng/L) \Diamond 5 \Diamond 5 ND						
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS) (ng/L)		_				
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND	, ,					
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorottradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND						
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Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoronanoic acid (PFNA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluoroctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND						
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Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorocotanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorocotanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND						
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	V 3	V J	110	110	ND
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND	, ,, ,					
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA) (ng/L)						
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA) (ng/L) ♦ 5 ♦ 5 ND ND ND		♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND
	Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA) (ng/L)	♦ 5	♦ 5	ND	ND	ND

All units in (mg/l) or Parts per Million (PPM) unless otherwise indicated.

♦ EPA Secondary Standard - non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic or aesthetic effects in drinking water.



- † Set by California Dept. of Health Services
- ♦ Set by International Bottled Water Association

MRL - Minimum Reporting Limit: Where available, MRLs reflect the Method Detection Limits (MDLs) set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the Detection Limits for Purposes of Reporting (DLRs) set by the California Department of Health Services. These values are set by the agencies to reflect the minimum concentration of each substance that can be reliably quantified by applicable testing methods, and are also the minimum reporting thresholds applicable to the Consumer Confidence Reports produced by tap water suppliers.

EPA MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a substance allowed by law in drinking water (bottled or tap water). The MCLs shown are the federal MCLs set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Food and Drug Administration, unless no federal MCL exists. Where no federal MCL exists, California MCLs are identified with an (†). International Bottled Water Association MCL are identified with (أ).

Primary Drinking Water Standard (PSWS): Legally enforceable primary standard and treatment techniques that apply to public water systems, which protect health by limiting the levels of contaminants in drinking water.

Public Health Goals (PHG's): Concentrations of drinking water contaminants that pose no significant health risk if consumed for a lifetime, based on current risk assessment principles, practices and methods.

FDA SOQ - Standard of Quality: The standard of quality for bottled water is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in a container of bottled water, as established by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the California Department of Public Health. The standards can be no less protective of public health than the standards for public drinking water, established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health.

Reported Results - The highest level of each substance detected at or above the MRL in representative finished product samples.

- ND Not detected at or above the MRL
- NR Not listed in State or Federal drinking water regulations.
- NA- Not applicable to specific test method or test parameter
- PPB Parts per Billion. Equivalent to micrograms per liter (µg/l)
- MFL Million Fibers per Liter.

Poland Spring® Natural Spring Water and Distilled Water sources; Primary: Poland Spring, Poland Spring, ME; Clear Spring, Hollis, ME; Evergreen Spring, Fryeburg, ME; Spruce Spring, Pierce Pond Township, ME; Garden Spring, Poland, ME; Bradbury Spring, Kingfield, ME; White Cedar Spring, Dallas Plt., ME, Ellis Spring, Rumford ME; Bella Luna Spring, Lincoln, ME and/or Cold Spring, Denmark, ME.

Factory Water Treatment Process for Poland Spring® Natural Spring Water, Distilled Water and Sparkling Spring Water

The final treatment consists of the following processes:

Spring Water	Distilled Water	Sparkling Spring Water
Storage Silo holding filtered source water Microfiltration Ultraviolet and/ or Ozone disinfection Bottling	Storage Silo holding filtered source water 2. Distillation 3. Microfiltration 4. Ultraviolet and/or Ozone disinfection 5. Bottling	1. Storage Silo holding filtered source water 2. Microfiltration 3. Ultraviolet and/ or Ozone disinfection 4. CO2 injection 5. Bottling

Statements Required Under California Law

"Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the United States Food and Drug Administration, Food and Cosmetic Hotline (1-888-723-3366)."

"In order to ensure that bottled water is safe to drink, the United States Food and Drug Administration and the State Department of Public Health prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by bottled water companies."

"Some persons may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons, including, but not limited to, persons with cancer who are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly persons, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These persons should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791)."
"The sources of bottled water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water naturally travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can pick up naturally occurring substances as well as substances that are present due to animal and human activity. Substances that may be present in the source water include any of the following:

- 1. Inorganic substances, including, but not limited to, salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from farming, urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, or oil and gas production.
- 2. Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources, including, but not limited to, agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- 3. Organic substances that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- 4. Microbial organisms that may come from wildlife, agricultural livestock operations, sewage treatment plants, and septic systems.
- 5. Substances with radioactive properties that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities."

FDA website for recalls:

https://www.fda.gov/Safety/Recalls/default.htm